



Questions?

Use the Q&A button to submit questions/comments





Setting the Stage



Webinar 1: Addressing Challenging Behavior through Data: Introduction to the BIRS

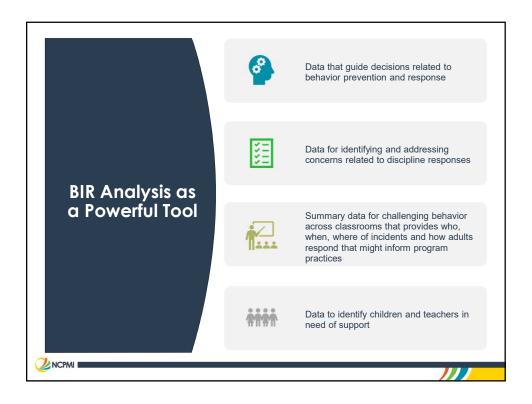
Webinar 2: Addressing Challenging Behavior through Data: Implementing the BIRS in an Early Childhood Program

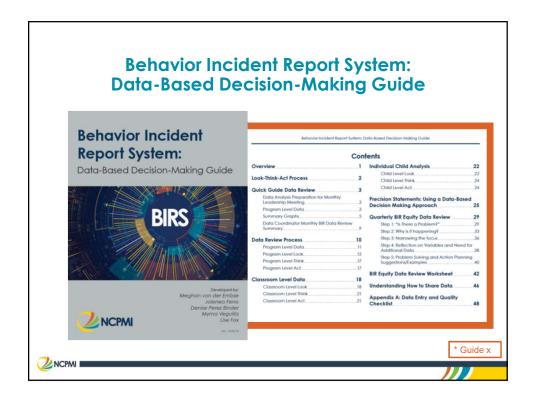
Webinar 3: Addressing BIRS Implementation Challenges

Additional Webinars:

Using the Behavior Incident Report System (BIRS) to Support Practitioners around Children Who Engage in Challenging Behavior

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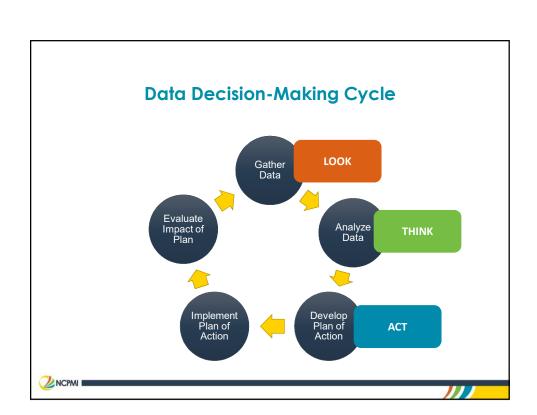


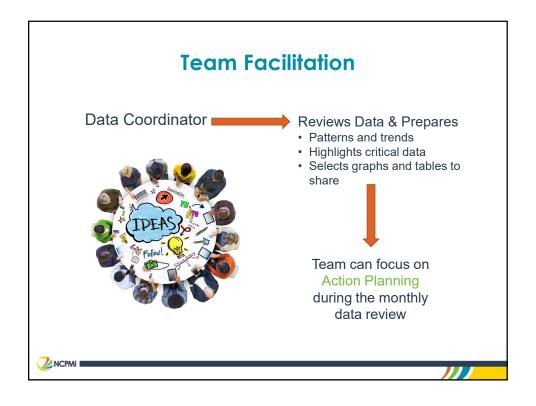


Training teams to have the capacity to:

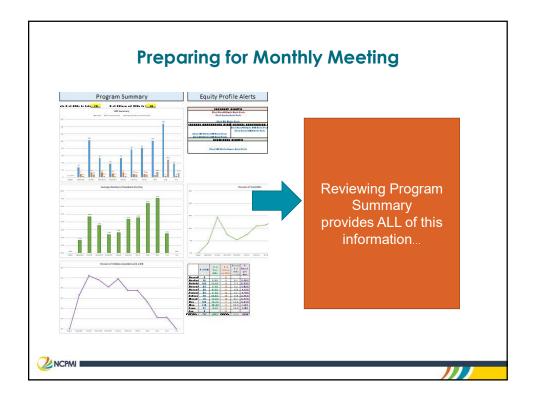
- Prepare data for monthly meetings
- Know what data to bring to monthly meetings
- Interpret data using summaries and graphs
- Engage in data-based decisionmaking using BIR data
- Complete Quarterly Equity Review







	Data Coordinator Monthly BIR Data Review Summary Look - What I want to share	Quick Guide
	Program Data:	- -
	Classroom Data:	_
	Child Datα	_
BIR Review		
Summary	Think - What I want to share	
Worksheet	Program Data:	
worksneer	Classroom Data:	_
	Child Data:	_
	Prepared Precision Statements:" BIRs are most commonly identified	
	for	
	to[Possible Motivation]. The most common response is[Response] with[Admin Follow-Up].	
	*See page 25 for guidance.	
	National Center for Pyramid Model Innovations ChallengingSehavlar.org	, * G



Why Start at the Program Summary?

Easily assess a visual change:

- · Changes in response to action plan
- Trends across time

Easily assess alerting data:

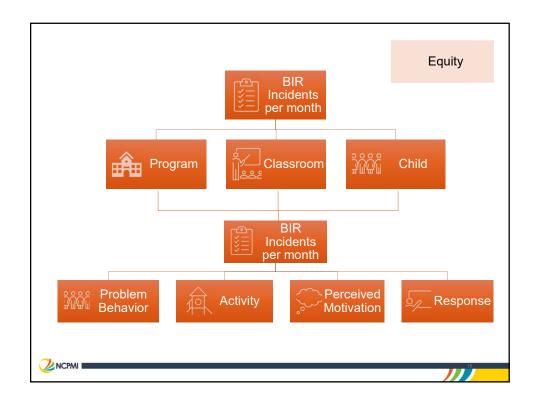
- \bullet Increase in # of children identified with BIRs or increase in average # of BIRs per child
- Teacher and administrator responses to behavior that might be less desirable or inappropriate (e.g., physical hold/restraint, temporary removal from classroom, etc.)

* Guide 5-8

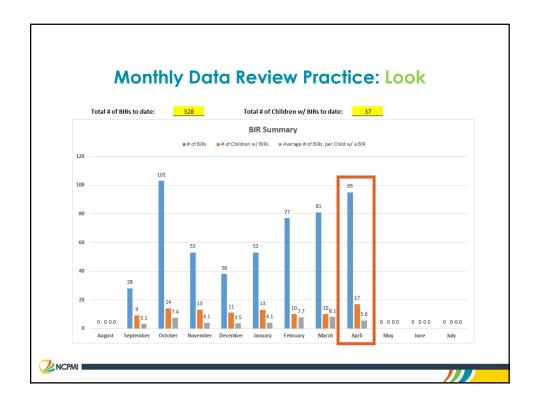
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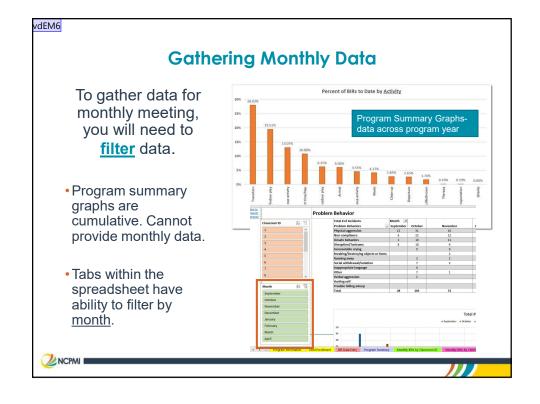


Questions	Data Source	Excel Tab Name
Is problem behavior increasing or decreasing?	Average Number of Incidents Per Day	▶ Program Summary
Who are the children that are experiencing challenging behavior?	Incidents by Child Incidents by Classroom ID	Monthly BIRs by Child ID Monthly BIRs by Classroom ID
Who are others involved with incidents?	Incidents by Others Involved	▶ Others Involved
When does problem behavior occur – routine/activity? Where does problem behavior most frequently occur – location?	Incidents by Activity	► Activity
What behaviors are most frequently reported?	Incidents by Problem Behavior	► Problem Behavior
Why are children engaging in challenging behavior? What social, emotional, or communication skills need to be taught?	Incidents by Possible Motivation	▶ Possible Motivation
How are we responding to challenging behavior?	Incidents by Response Incidents by Administrative Follow-Up	► Response ► Admin Follow-Up

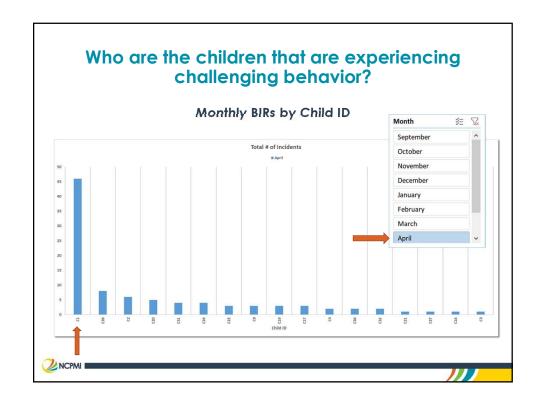


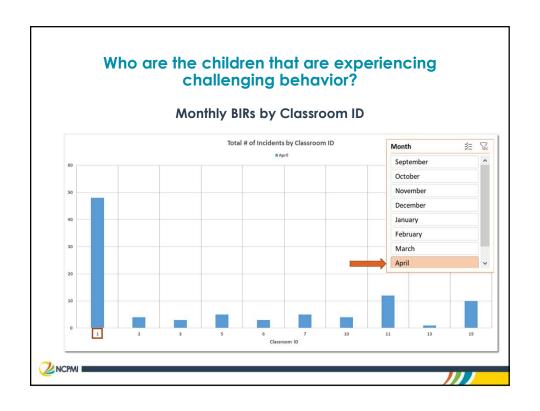


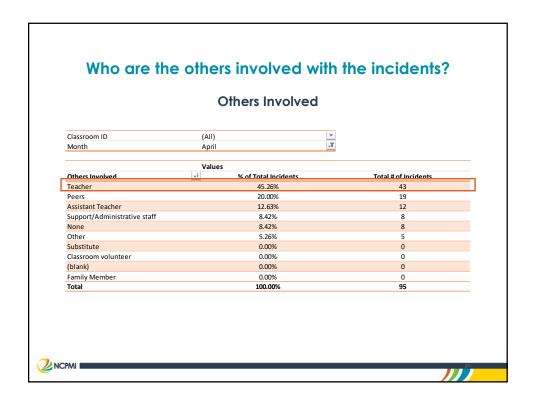


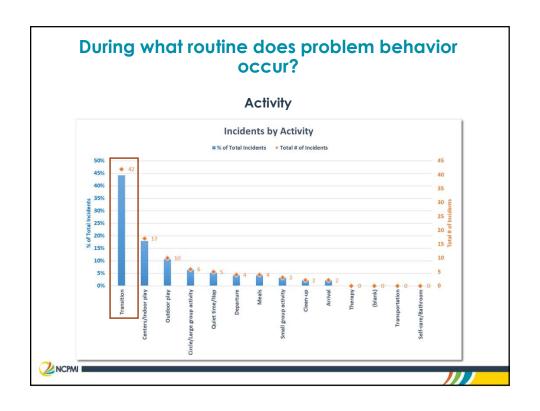


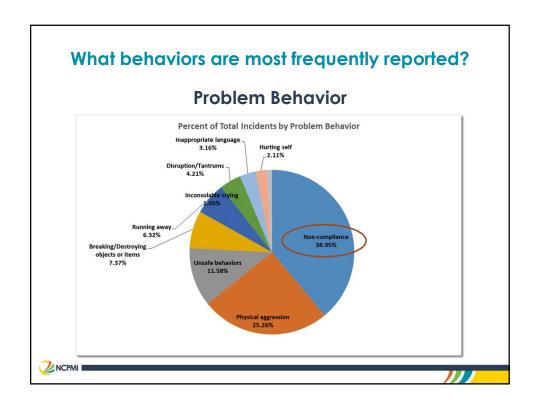
vdEM6 Try to say this throughout. Delete? von der Embse, Meghan, 11/5/2020

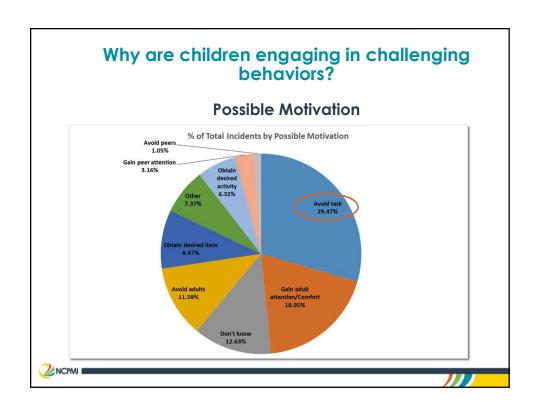


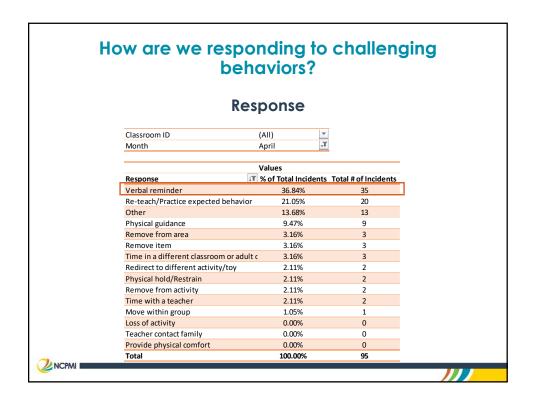


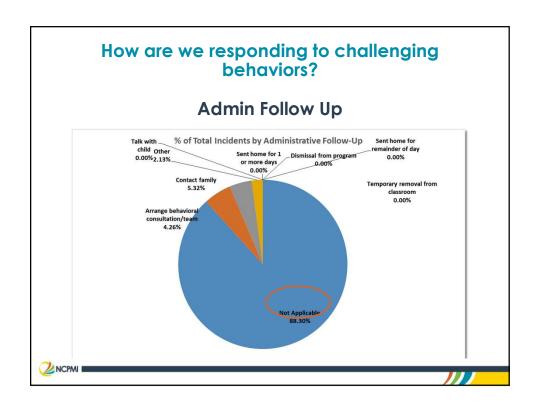












Think about Program Data:

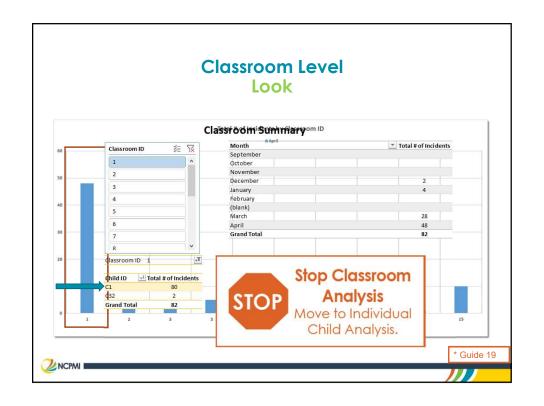
- •Now that we have looked at the program data, what do we know?
 - Non-compliance with teachers during transitions to avoid tasks
- •What else might we want to know?
 - Use the Think Questions to guide the process
 - Revisit BIR data to answer additional questions
 - Obtain additional information from other sources







Classroom Level Look 6. Scroll down to view all the graphs and table associated with the Classroom ID. View the following information: Click on Monthly BIRs by Classroom ID tab located at the bottom of the spreadsheet. ► Incidents by month Use the table or bar graph to locate classrooms with a higher number of incidents. ► Incidents by problem behavior ► Incidents by activity 3. Switch to the Classroom Summary tab. ► Incidents by others involved ► Incidents by possible motivation 4. Select (highlight) the Classroom ID of interest. ▶ Incidents by response 5. Review the small table in the right-hand corner to deter- \blacktriangleright Incidents by administrative follow-up mine the number of children with BIRs in the classroom. ► Incidents by time of day If one child is responsible for the majority of BIRs within the selected classroom, move to Individual Child Analysis. * Guide 18 NCPMI ■

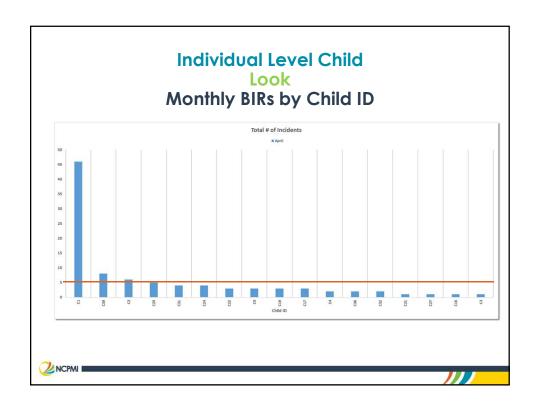


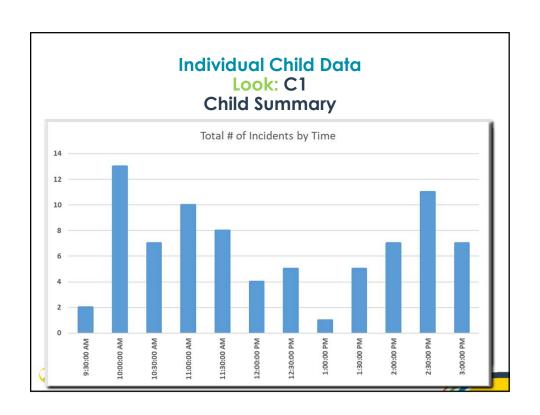


Individual Child Level Look

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \bf l. & Click\ on\ the\ \mbox{Monthly\ BIRs\ by\ Child\ ID\ } tab \end{tab}$
- 2. Use table or bar graph to look at the Total Number of Incidents by Child ID
- 3. List children who have a higher number of incidents per month (e.g., > 5 in a month)
- 4. Switch to Child Summary tab
- 5. Select (highlight) the Child ID of interest
- 6. Scroll down to view *all* the graphs and tables associated with the Child ID. View the following information:
 - ► Total incidents over months
 - ► Incidents by type for current month
 - ► Activities for current month
 - ► Motivations for current month
 - ▶ Responses for current month

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Think about Individual Child Data

- Were there changes at home or school that might affect the recent child incidents?
- •Are there patterns in perceived motivations?
- •Are the teacher responses effective?
- Does the child have a behavior support plan in place? Did the behavioral consultation take place?
- Is the child DLL? Is this child on an IEP?

* Guide 24



Precision Statements



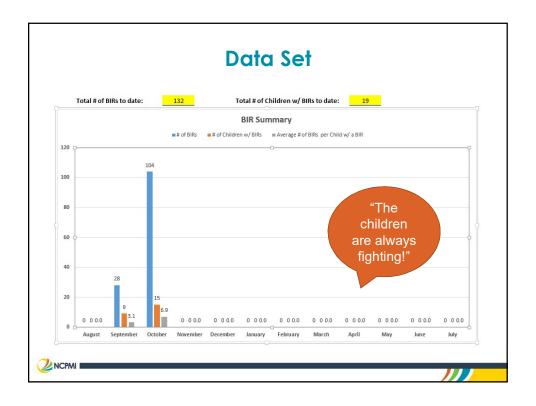


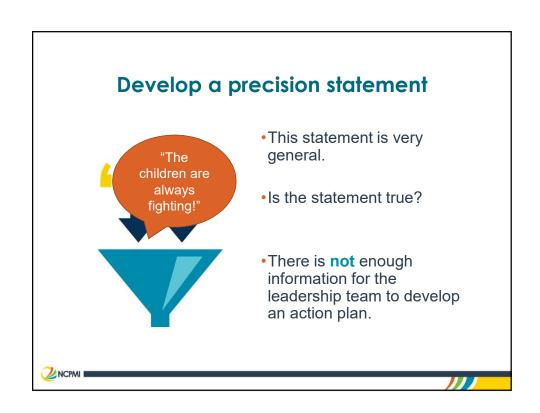
During Team Meeting: Use of objective data-based decision making

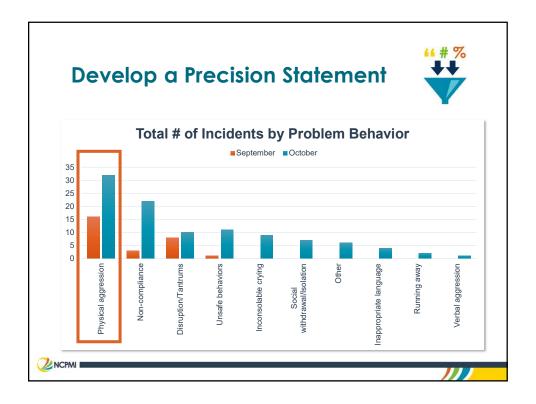
- Precision Statements:
- Allow movement from a primary or basic understanding of a situation to a more precise, data-focused understanding
- <u>Primary statements</u> include general descriptor of a concern or a problem
- <u>Precision statements</u> are <u>objective</u>, <u>data-based</u> descriptions of an existing problem or current status
- Starts with an overall concern that needs addressed and uses the Look-Think-Act process to narrow or "drill down" to develop the precision statement
 - By using data and defining the problem in specific terms, leadership teams can develop data summaries that are **matched** to the guiding questions for problem solving.

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* Guide 25-28







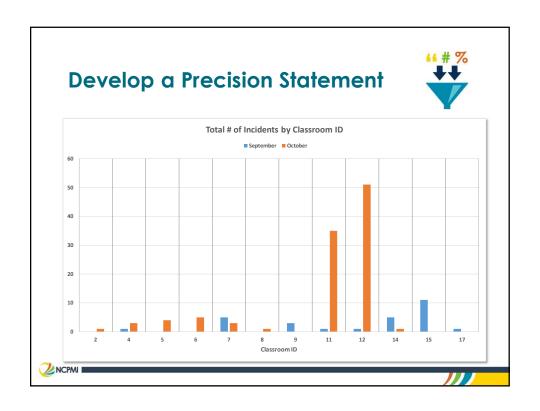
Develop a Precision Statement

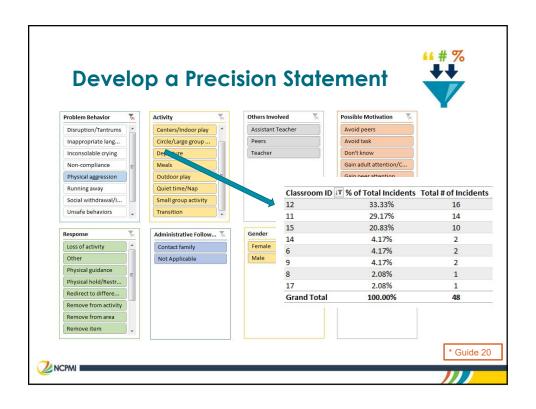


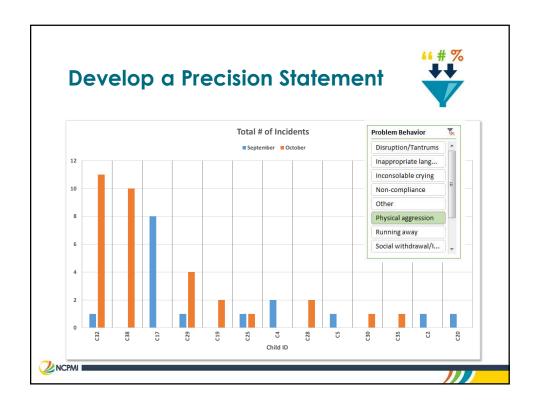
- •Think about the data:
 - Are there classrooms that have more BIRs than others?
 - •Are behavior incidents occurring across all children or isolated to a few children?
- Answer the Big Questions for Physical Aggression

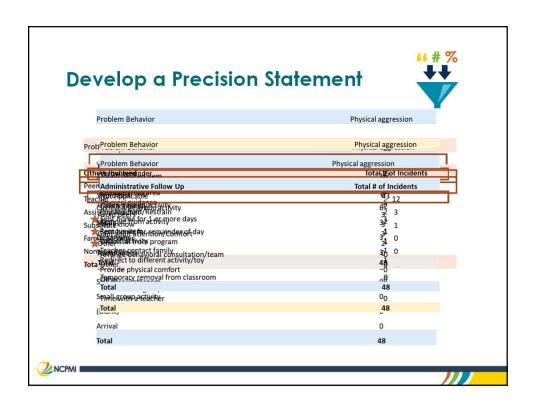
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Summarize the Data

Big Questions	
Behavior	Physical Aggression
Activity	Centers/Indoor Play
Others Involved	Peers
Possible Motivation	Obtain Desired Item
Strategy/Response	Verbal Reminder
Administrative Follow- Up	None



Precision Statement



BIRs are most commonly identified for Physical
Aggression in Centers/Indoor Play with Peers to Obtain
Desired Item. The most common response is Verbal
Reminder with No Administrative Follow-Up.

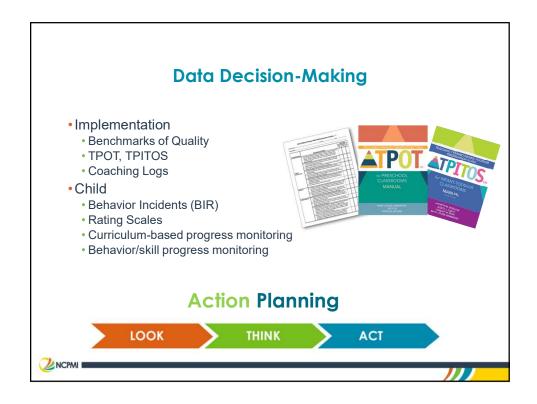
For all classrooms?
NO- For Classrooms 11 & 12

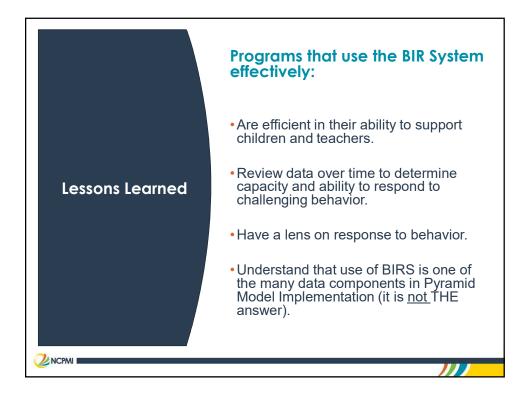
This statement <u>CAN</u> be used to develop an action plan. By using an effective data-based process, the leadership can develop action items that are directly linked to the data.



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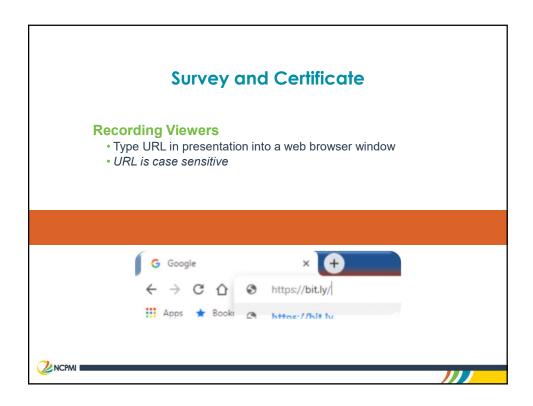
How to Print Graphs in the BIRS Spreadsheet • YouTube video on how to print tables, charts, tabs • YouTube Video on how to print tables, charts, tabs • YouTube video on how to print tables, charts, tabs • YouTube video on how to print tables, charts, tabs • YouTube Video on how to print tables, charts, tabs • YouTube Video on how to print tables, charts, tables • YouTube Video on how to print tables, charts, ch

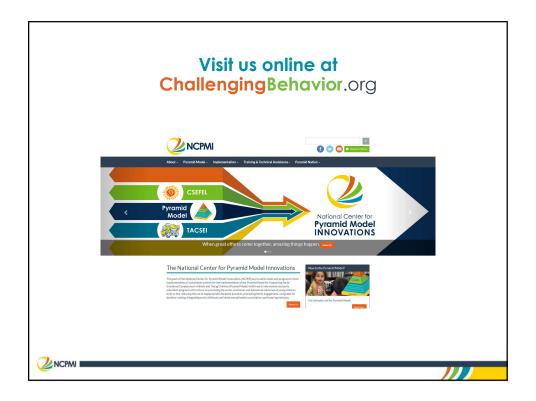


- Next webinar will discuss the equity alerts and profiles, disproportionality, and coaching resources
- January 2021 (registration announced in December)









Thank You



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